

2006 Report to Congress

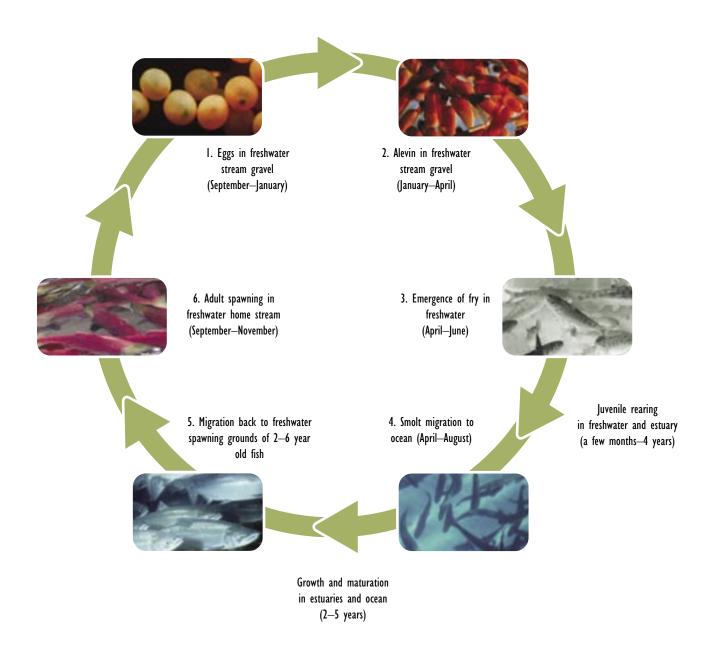
Pacific Coastal Salmon Recovery Fund

FY 2000-2005



U.S. Department of Commerce National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration National Marine Fisheries Service

The Life Cycle of Pacific Salmon



Notes:

- » Timing and length of any given stage vary among species of salmon (e.g., Chinook, sockeye)
- » Timing is depicted for fall runs (e.g., spawn in fall, eggs hatch in spring)—reversed for spring runs
- » Estuaries provide a mix of freshwater and saltwater
- » Adults die after spawning; deteriorating carcasses provide essential nutrients to stream
- » Disturbances at any stage can impact survival (e.g., obstructions to migration, floods, drought)

Photo credits:

- » 1, 2, and 5—courtesy of Alaska Department of Fish & Game
- » 3 and 6—courtesy of Northwest Indian Fisheries Commission

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Copies of this Report may be obtained by contacting:

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An online version of this Report is available at http://www.nwr.noaa.gov/Salmon-Recovery-Planning/PCSRF/Index.cfm.

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Pacific Salmon and Steelhead Recovery Domains



